6<sup>th</sup> Grade Social Studies

Minnesota History

Chapter 14 Assessment -- STUDY GUIDE

Name	KEY		
		Overall Score	

### CHAPTER 14 - WORLD WAR I



## **Chapter 14** • Learning Targets

- 1. I can summarize how WWI began, why the U.S. got involved, and how the war ended.
- 2. I can explain how Minnesotans contributed to the war, and how WWI affected Minnesotans

#### **DIRECTIONS**

Use all available Chapter 14 resources at your disposal to complete the following questions.

- ➤ Chapter 14 Vocabulary Intro Activity
- > Chapter 14 Comprehension Worksheet
- ➤ Chapter 14 Textbook (page 288 311)

# Vocabulary

1.	Allies: during World War I, the nations thatALLIED, or united, against the Central Powers or
	Europe.
2.	Central Powers: during World War I, the nations that fought against theALLIES
3.	<i>Propaganda</i> : the organized spreading of information in order to
4.	Patriotism: <u>LOYALTY</u> to one's country.
5.	War Bond: aCERTIFICATE, or bond, sold to citizens by a government in order to help pay for a war.
6.	<i>Trenches</i> : a style of warfare commonly used during WWI in which each side

## **Know The Following**

- 1. What led to WWI starting in Europe?
  - a. 1914
  - b. Alliance System
    - i. European countries built alliances with some of their neighboring countries
      - 1. If one nation was attacked, it allies would come to its defense
    - ii. A small fight could quickly grow into a large war
      - 1. The assassination of Austrian Archduke Franz Ferdinand started a domino effect that took the whole continent of Europe to war.

- 2. When war broke out, how did many Minnesotans and Americans feel about possibly going to war?
  - a. Most Americans and most Minnesotans wanted to stay out of it.
  - b. They felt there was no need for the U.S. to get involved in the issues of European Powers
- 3. What led the United States to declare war on Germany?
  - a. **Rumors** 
    - i. German soldiers torturing & killing Belgian women and children
    - ii. Zimmerman Note
      - 1. Germans trying to persuade Mexico to attack the U.S.
  - b. German Submarine Attacks
    - i. American ships
  - c. 4/1917
    - i. Wilson asked Congress to declare war on Germany
      - 1. Fought alongside the Allies
- 4. Describe the fighting done by soldiers in the trenches. List at least four (4) specific examples.
  - a. Boredom
    - i. Dreary struggle
      - 1. Constant fighting
      - 2. Little to eat or drink
      - 3. Little sleep
      - 4. **Mud**
      - 5. **Disease**
  - b. New War Methods
    - i. Airplanes
    - ii. Submarines
    - iii. Trenches
    - iv. Mustard gas
  - c. Attack
    - i. Artillery bombing
    - ii. Charge across "No Man's Land" Over the Top
    - iii. Millions of men lost their lives
- 5. What was the CPS, and how did it lead to tension in communities in Minnesota? List at least four (4) specific examples.
  - a. Commission of Public Safety
    - i. Oversaw the state's war effort,
    - ii. Had the power to make and enforce laws
    - iii. Known for cracking down on Minnesotans suspected of disloyalty
      - 1. German-Americans were targeted
        - a. Schools were pressured to stop teaching German
        - b. German newspapers were banned
        - c. Some Americans changed their German names
        - d. German Americans who opposed sending young men to fight their relatives in Germany were targeted
        - e. Mayor Louis Fritsch of New Ulm was forced from office
      - 2. Nonpartisan League
        - a. Members were targeted and sometimes faced bullying and mob violence, due to their questioning of the government's actions in war.

- 6. How did towns and counties in Minnesota support the war effort? List at least four (4) specific examples.
  - a. Residents enlisted in the military
  - b. Raised money for the Red Cross
  - c. Purchased War Bonds
  - d. Knitted Socks and sweaters for troops
  - e. Left their jobs to harvest crops
  - f. Served as nurses
- 7. Which side won the war?
  - a. Allies
    - i. Great Britain
    - ii. France
    - iii. United States
- 8. When the war ended, what were the hopes of many for the future of conflict.
  - a. The U.S. might be done fighting wars
  - b. If the Central Powers were defeated, future wars could be avoided
  - c. Democratic governments would spread to more countries